

Dynamics Formula Overview

1 General Equations:

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{v} &= \frac{d\mathbf{s}}{dt} & (1) \\ \mathbf{a} &= \frac{d\mathbf{v}}{dt} = \frac{d^2\mathbf{s}}{dt^2} & (2) \\ \mathbf{a} \cdot d\mathbf{s} &= \mathbf{v} \cdot d\mathbf{v} & (3) \\ \Sigma \mathbf{F} &= m\mathbf{a} & (4)\end{aligned}$$

2 Polar Coordinate Systems:

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{r} &= r\mathbf{e}_r & (5) \\ \mathbf{v} &= \dot{r}\mathbf{e}_r + r\dot{\theta}\mathbf{e}_\theta & (6) \\ \mathbf{a} &= \left(\ddot{r} - r\dot{\theta}^2\right)\mathbf{e}_r + \left(2\dot{r}\dot{\theta} + r\ddot{\theta}\right)\mathbf{e}_\theta & (7) \\ \mathbf{v}_{A/B} &= \mathbf{v}_A - \mathbf{v}_B = -\mathbf{v}_{B/A} & (8) \\ \mathbf{a}_{A/B} &= \mathbf{a}_A - \mathbf{a}_B = -\mathbf{a}_{B/A} & (9)\end{aligned}$$

3 Relative Velocity/Acceleration:

4 Friction:

$$\begin{aligned}F_w &= \mu_k N & (10) \\ F_w &\leq \mu_s N & (11)\end{aligned}$$

5 Energy:

$$\begin{aligned}U &= \int \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{s} & (12) \\ T &= \frac{1}{2}mv^2 & (13) \\ V^g &= mgh & (14) \\ V^e &= \frac{1}{2}k(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_0)^2 & (15) \\ U'_{1,2} &= \Delta T + \Delta V^g + \Delta V^e & (16)\end{aligned}$$

6 Momentum:

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{G} &= m\mathbf{v} & (17) \\ \dot{\mathbf{G}} &= m\dot{\mathbf{v}} = m\mathbf{a} = \Sigma \mathbf{f} & (18) \\ \mathbf{H} &= m\mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{v} & (19) \\ \dot{\mathbf{H}} &= m\mathbf{r} \times \dot{\mathbf{v}} = \mathbf{r} \times (m\mathbf{a}) = \mathbf{r} \times \Sigma \mathbf{f} = \Sigma \mathbf{M}_0 & (20)\end{aligned}$$

7 Collisions

$$e = -\frac{v1' - v2'}{v1 - v2} \quad (21)$$

Plastic collision $\Rightarrow e = 0$, elastic collision $\Rightarrow e = 1$.

8 Rotations

$$\omega = \frac{d\theta}{dt} \quad (22)$$

$$\alpha = \frac{d\omega}{dt} = \frac{d^2\theta}{dt^2} \quad (23)$$

$$\alpha \cdot d\theta = \omega \cdot d\omega \quad (24)$$

$$\mathbf{v} = \omega \times \mathbf{r} \quad (25)$$

$$\mathbf{a} = \alpha \times \mathbf{r} - \omega \times (\omega \times \mathbf{r}) \quad (26)$$

9 Moment of Inertia

$$I_G = \int_{\Omega} r^2 dA \quad (27)$$

$$I_A = I_G + m\rho_A^2 = mk_A^2 \quad (28)$$

$$I_{G_{bar}} = \frac{1}{12}ml^2 \quad (29)$$

$$I_{G_{disc}} = \frac{1}{2}mr^2 \quad (30)$$

10 Kinetic Energy for Rotations

$$T = \frac{1}{2}I_0\omega^2 \quad (31)$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2}mv_G^2 + \frac{1}{2}I_G\omega^2 \quad (32)$$

11 Angular Momentum Equations

$$\mathbf{H}_A = I_G\omega + \mathbf{r}_{AG} \times m\mathbf{v}_G \quad (33)$$

$$\mathbf{M}_A = \dot{\mathbf{H}}_A + \mathbf{v}_A \times m\mathbf{v}_G \quad (34)$$

$$\mathbf{M}_A = \dot{\mathbf{H}}_G + \mathbf{r}_{AG} \times m\mathbf{a}_G \quad (35)$$

12 Table of Useful Equations

$$\begin{array}{ll} \Sigma \mathbf{F} = m\mathbf{a} & \Sigma \mathbf{M} = I\alpha \\ \mathbf{G} = m\mathbf{v} & \mathbf{H} = I\omega \\ \dot{\mathbf{G}} = \Sigma \mathbf{F} & \dot{\mathbf{H}} = \Sigma \mathbf{M} \\ T = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 & T = \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2 \end{array} \quad (36)$$