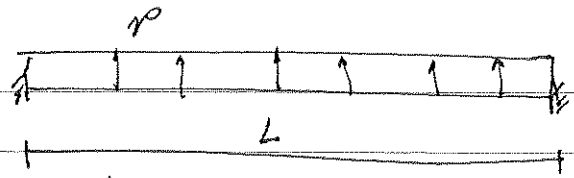
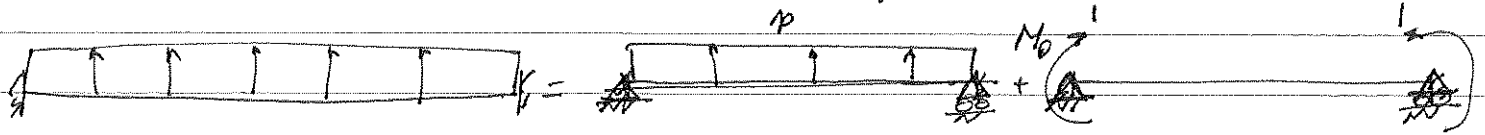


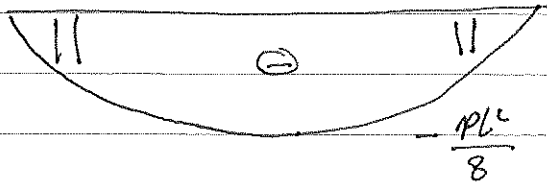
Problem I:



In this problem a beam made of one material and having a constant cross-section is subject to uniform loading.



The bending moment of the statically determinate beam is



The bending moment of the unit load is

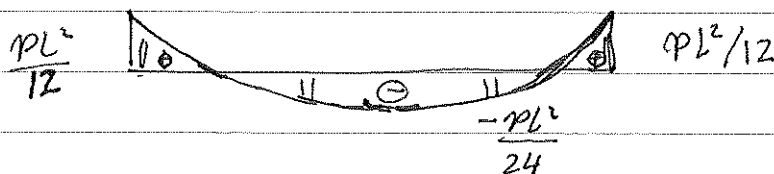


$$\int_0^L \frac{M_{sd} m}{EI} dx = \frac{1}{EI} \left( -\frac{PL^2}{8} \right) \times L \times \frac{2}{3} = -\frac{2PL^3}{12EI}$$

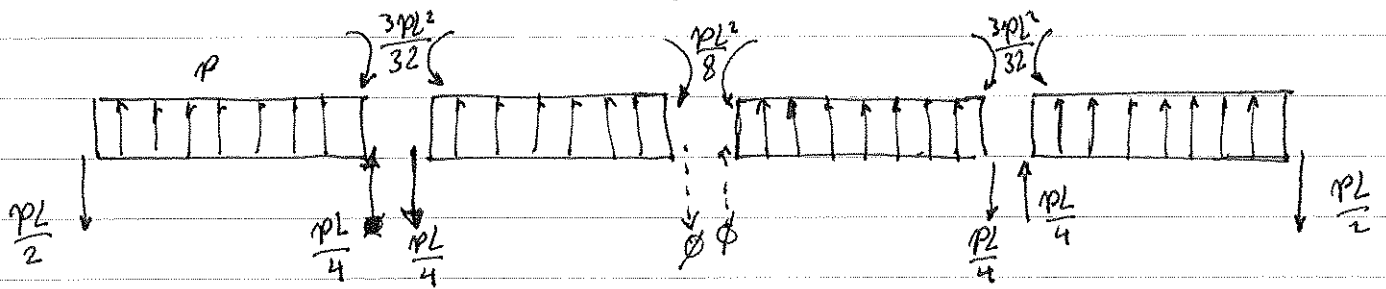
$$\int_0^L \frac{m^2}{EI} dx = \frac{L}{EI}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{L}{EI} M_0 + \frac{-2PL^3}{12EI} = 0 \Rightarrow M_0 = \frac{PL^2}{12}$$

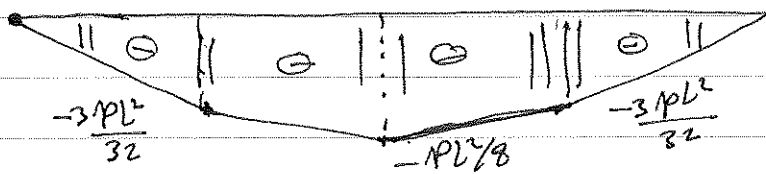
The final bending moment  $M = M_{sd} + M_0 m$



We can solve the problem by discretization into (say) 4 elements



Bending moment of the statically determinate structure.



Bending moment of the unit load system.



Bending moment of the unit load



$$\int_0^L \frac{M_{sd} m}{EI} dx = \left\{ \left[ \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{-3pL^2}{32} + 0 \right) \right] [1] \left( \frac{L}{4} \right) + \left[ \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{-3pL^2}{32} - \frac{pL^2}{8} \right) \right] [1] \left( \frac{L}{4} \right) \right\} \times 2$$

$$= -\frac{5}{64} \frac{pL^3}{EI}$$

$$\int_0^L \frac{m^2}{EI} dx = \frac{L}{EI}$$

$$\Rightarrow M_0 = -\frac{5}{64} pL^2 \quad (6\% \text{ off})$$